

to aid the world's fisheries. The study illustrates strong ecological and economic sharing between EEZs and the high seas.

The study involved [New Zealand, Australian, and British scientists](#). It was based on a decade of catch data collected between 2000 and 2010, and including data from the Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO), the International Council for the Exploration of the Sea (ICES), the North Atlantic Fisheries Organisation, and the United States-based Commission for the Conservation of Antarctic Marine Living Resources (CCAMLR).

[Information released by:](#)

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